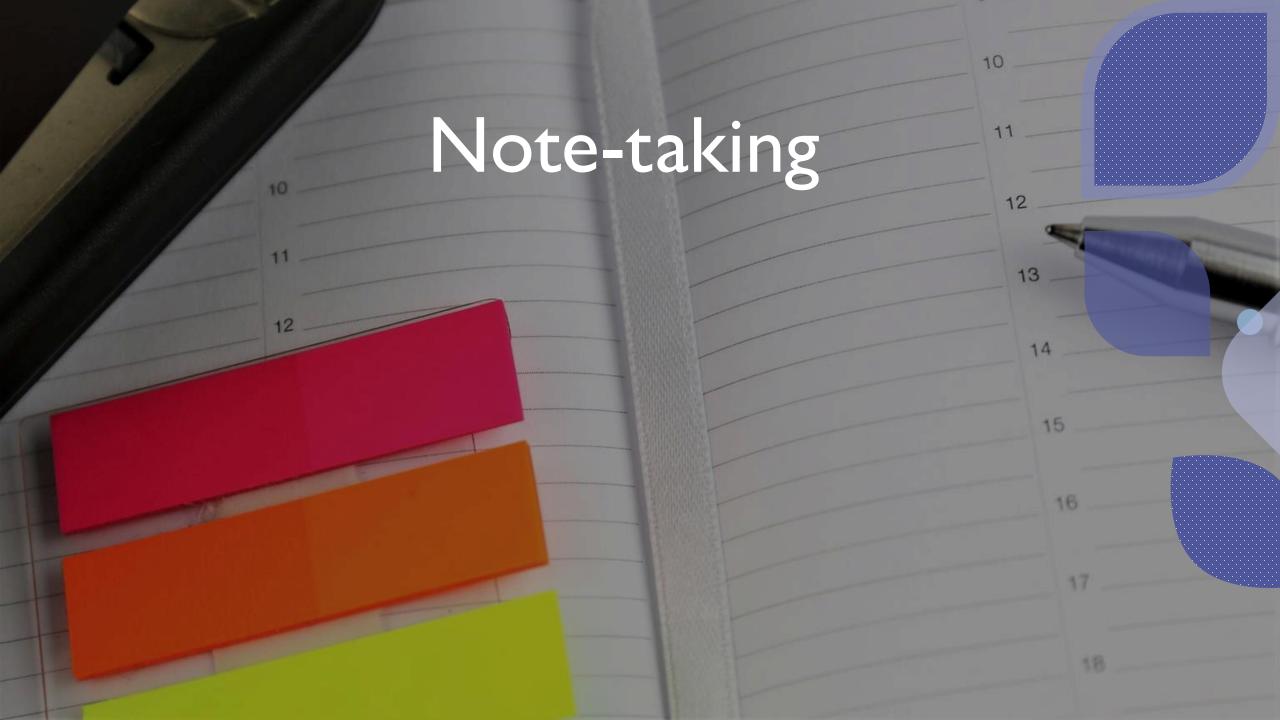
The role of online collaborative notetaking behaviors, note completeness, and course performance

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MORE RESEARCH NEEDED



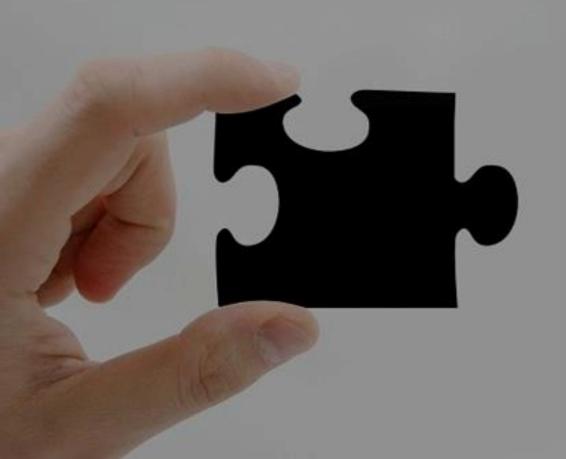
Does collaboration change over time?



Possible Productive Constituent elements of collaboration

- VOLUME
- EDITS OF OTHERS
- LOGINS
- EVENNESS

Quality of collaborative work - Completeness





The present study

- **RQ1**: How do within-group level productive collaboration behaviors, such as (a) volume of words, (b) edits of others, and (c) number of log-ins affect students' weekly course performance?
 - **RQ2**: How do group-level collaborative behaviors such as (a) volume of words, (b) edits of others, (c) number of log-ins, and (d) evenness affect students' weekly group course performance?
 - **RQ3**: How do group-level productive collaboration behaviors, such as (a) volume of words, (b) edits of others, (c) number of log-ins, and (d) evenness of volume affect the completion of weekly group notes?
- **RQ4**: How does the completion of group notes contribute to weekly student performance?

Methodology



Graduate students taking an online academic writing class



273 students in 61 groups



Ten weeks of instructional videos, notes, and quizzes



Video lectures -> taking collaboration notes -> week performance



Google docs was used for the notes

Volume -> amount of words written

Edits of others -> keystrokes over another's work

Logins -> The amount of times they logged in an interacted with the document

Evenness -> log of the reciprocal variance

Completeness -> The degree to which the notes covered the contents of the lectures

Weekly performance -> Student performance on end of week multiple choice quizzes

Instruments

Results

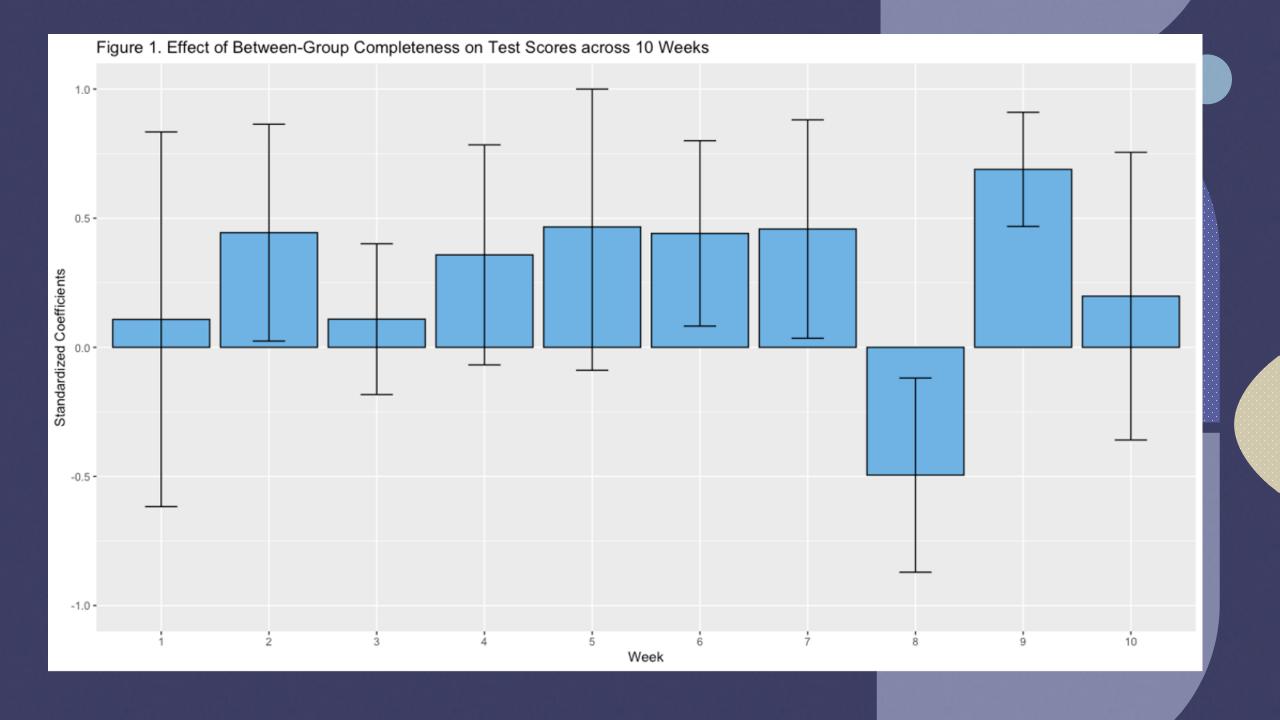
Table 3Summary of effects from main multilevel temporal models for weekly group completeness and course performances.

Independent variables	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Initial online note-takir	ng behavior effec	t on course perf	ormances [within-	group effects]						
Volume of words (1)	0.085	0.147*	0.223*	0.081	0.122	0.110	<u>0</u> .187***	0.149*	0.137*	0.229***
Edits (of others) (2)	-0.047	-0.083	-0.037	0.036	-0.063	-0.028	-0.068	0.041	-0.006	-0.083
Session logins (3)	0.102	0.000	-0.104	-0.042	0.099	0.065	0.081	-0.006	0.000	-0.037
$R^2(f^2)$	0.021	0.022	0.041	0.009	0.029	0.017	0.039	0.028	0.018	0.044
	(0.021)	(0.22)	(0.043)	(0.009)	(0.030)	(0.017)	(0.041)	(0.029)	(0.018)	(0.046)
Initial online note-takir	ng behavior effec	t on note compl	eteness [between-s	group effects]						
Intercept	0.004	-0.049	-0.015	-0.071	-0.030	0.011	-0.035	0.107	-0.035	-0.047
Volume of words (8)	0.331**	0.488**	0.637***	0.215	0.386**	0.335*	0.570***	0.525***	0.694***	0.841***
Edits (of others) (9)	-0.049	0.119	-0.145	0.122	-0.126	0.067	-0.129	0.073	-0.028	0.059
Session logins (10)	0.118	-0.037	0.061	-0.148*	-0.022	0.137	0.116	0.066	0.001	-0.115
Volume evenness (11)	-0.392**	-0.078	0.093	-0.306	-0.284	-0.046	0.132	-0.079	-0.022	0.061
$R^2(f^2)$	0.441	0.337	0.309	0.261	0.315	0.193	0.249	0.391	0.488	0.624(1.66)
	(0.789)	(0.508)	(0.447)	(0.353)	(0.460)	(0.239)	(0.332)	(0.642)	(0.953)	,
Note Taking completen	ess effect on cou	rse performance	[between-group e	effects]						
Intercept	0.008	-0.025	0.028	-0.030	0.041	-0.052	-0.088	-0.117	0.014	-0.056
Completeness(12)	0.108	0.444	0.109	0.358	0.466	0.441*	0.458*	-0.495*	0.689***	0.198
$R^2(f^2)$	0.012	0.197	0.012	0.128	0.217	0.194	0.210	0.245		0.039
	(0.012)	(0.245)	(0.012)	(0.147)	(0.277)	(0.241)	(0.266)	(0.325)	(0.905)	(0.041)

Note. $R^2 = total \ variance \ explained \ in outcome \ variables; f^2 = R^2/(1-R^2); *p < .05, **p < .01 \ in bold; ***p < .001 \ bold \ and \ underlined; all \ values, unless stated otherwise, represent standardized beta coefficients (see Fig. 1); group and student sample sizes per week given in Table 2.$

Results

- RQ1: Effect of Collaborative Productive Behaviors on Within-group Student Performance -> Within-groups effects suggest that only the volume of words had a statistically significant effect on student course performance twice in the first five weeks, and four times in the last five weeks.
- RQ2: Effect of Collaborative Productive Behaviors on Between-group Course Performance -> only Session Logins had a substantive effect in Week 1, and Edits of Others had a substantive effect in Week 5.
- RQ3: Effect of Collaborative Productive Behaviors on Note Completeness -> Results suggested that Volume of Words had substantive effects for nine of all ten weeks.
- RQ4: Effect of Completeness on Course Performance -> Results found that the subsequent betweengroup effect of note-taking completeness on group course performance was substantive for four of the last five weeks of the course.



DISCUSSION

- Our study falls in line with current research into the benefits of online collaboration and note-taking, but only to a certain degree as results herein suggest that
- (1) these benefits are not enjoyed across all elements of collaboration and
- (2) these effects are not consistent throughout the semester.

The elements of collaboration

Volume has some limited positive impact on performance, but only at the level of the individual, not at the level of the group

Edits of others has no effect at the individual or group level

Logins has no effect at the individual or group level

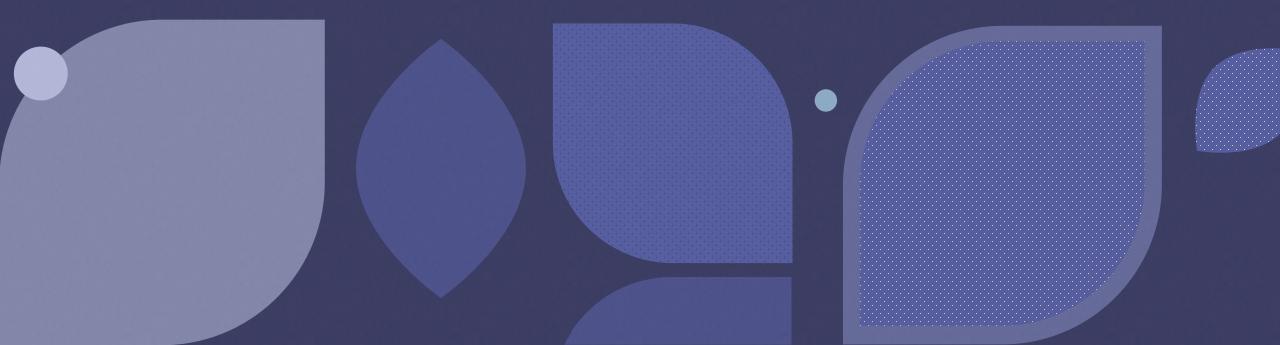
Evenness has no effect at the individual or group level

The effect of time



Pedagogical implications

Conclusion



Thank you for listening

I am happy to try to answer and questions